THE Nº. 270.

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, *June* 27, 1750.

His MAJESTY's most gracious SPEECH to both HOUSES of Parliament, on *Thursday* the Twelfth Day of *April*, 1750.

*My Lords, and Gentlemen,*

I CANNOT put an End to this Session of Parliament, without returning you My hearty Thanks for the Zeal and Dispatch, with which you have gone through the public Business. Nothing could have afforded Me more Satisfaction, than the Attention you have given to those essential Points of Our National Interest, which I earnestly recommended to you at the Opening of the Session. And it is with the greatest Pleasure I have now given My Assent to those Laws, which have been the Result of your prudent Deliberations, for advancing the public Credit; for promoting the Commerce and Manufactures of this Kingdom; and for encouraging the Industry of My good Subjects.

There has been so little Alteration in the State of Affairs Abroad, since your Meeting, that I have scarce any Thing to add upon that Head. My Resolution to adhere strictly to the Engagements I have enter'd into, and to do every Thing in My Power to preserve the Peace, which has been so happily established, continues the same; and I have received the fullest Assurances from all My Allies, of their Disposition to promote this great End. My sincere Endeavours shall be exerted to cultivate and improve this good Disposition, that My own Kingdoms, as well as the rest of *Europe*, may long enjoy the happy Fruits of the present Tranquility.

*Gentlemen of the House of Commons,*

I thank you in a particular Manner, for the Supplies you have so readily granted Me; and for the public Spirit you have shewn, in laying hold of the very first Opportunity to reduce the Interest of the National Debt, without the least Infringement of Parliamentary Faith. The Success which has already attended this wise Measure, is a Proof of the present Credit of this Kingdom; and has laid a sure Foundation for the Continuance of it; and cannot fail to add Strength and Reputation to My Government, both at Home and Abroad.

*My Lords, and Gentlemen,*

I make no Doubt but you will carry into your respective Countries, the same good Principles and Affections which I have experienced from you here. Let it be your Business to promote Peace and Harmony; and to support and propagate Religion, good Manners, and good Order, amongst My People; whose true and lasting Happiness shall be My constant Care.

Then the Lord CHANCELLOR, by His MAJESTY's Command, said;

My Lords, and Gentlemen;

*It is His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, That this Parliament be prorogued to* Thursday *the Fourteenth Day of* June *next, to be then here held; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to* Thursday *the Fourteenth Day of* June *next.*

From the LONDON REVIEW, *April* 14.

OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS.

IF any credit may be given to what is from time to time communicated in the foreign prints, a war in the North is already upon the point of breaking forth, which in its consequences must one way or other involve the most considerable states of Europe. The real occasion of this war is perhaps more owing to the artifices of France, and the natural antipathy which subsists between Russia and Sweden, than to any just grounds of quarrel. The obstinate refusal of the Swedes to comply with the demand of Russia, by publicly declaring their resolution to continue the form of government under the present successor upon its present establishment, is all that is pretended to excite these powers to discuss this important point at the expence of the lives of thousands of their own subjects, and perhaps as many of those of their neighbours.

Indeed the power of the Russian empire has of late years encreased to an exorbitant height, which the Swedes by endeavouring in vain to oppose, have hitherto only served to augment; yet flattered by an alliance with France, and encouraged by the powerful succours promised by his Prussian majesty, they are still eager to make one effort more to regain what they have lost, and preserve their independency, which they cannot resign but with reluctance, to a people they were formerly accustomed to beat. While they are in this temper, it requires no extraordinary degree of penetration to discover, that their present policy tends secretly to promote a war, wherein they have reason to expect very powerful assistance.

Nor are the Russians less anxious after the same end. Elated by their superiority, they look upon the Swedes as a contemptible enemy, and long for nothing so much as an opportunity to revenge themselves for the blood of their ancestors. And thus both parties being naturally inclined for war, and prompted by those, whose interest it is to embroil the affairs of the North, it seems past all doubt that they are now on the eve of a rupture. Hence it is that Denmark is putting her forces upon a respectable footing, and building and refitting her marine; Prussia encreasing its finances and laying up provisions for war; the empress queen from the same principles is levying men and remounting her cavalry; and, in short, every power that is capable of being affected, is providing against the impending storm.

The affairs of Italy are likewise in a very unsettled situation. The establishment of don Philip, and the new alliance between his Sardinian majesty and the house of Bourbon, cemented by the marriage of his eldest son with a daughter of Spain, cannot be very pleasing to the empress-queen; as they seem to forebode the total exclusion of her issue from the dominions of their ancestors in that country. The sale of the island of Corsica, though often affirm'd, and as often contradicted, is certainly an affair of moment, which may be attended with consequences not easy to foretel. Its situation for trade is undoubtedly as happy as any in Europe, and was that island under the mild administration of a free government, whose interest it would be to promote its commerce, the people would soon become rich and flourishing, and consequently in a series of years make no inconsiderable addition of strength to the power to whose lot they fall.

*Petersburg, March* 24. The troops which wintered in Esthonia, are marching out of their respective quarters towards the frontiers of Finland.

*Stockholm, March* 31. The king's ministers abroad have been directed to give the reasons why this court does not think fit to add to the declarations it has already made to Russia.—— The Swedes complain, that in the declarations made by Russia, they are treated not like an independent sovereign nation, but as vassals and tributaries to that empire.

*Utrecht, April* 12. This afternoon we received some important advices from the North; but as there is some obscurity therein, we can't yet venture to publish them.

*Petersburg, March* 25. M. Guldickens, the British minister, has just received orders to acquaint this court, that the king his master, hoped, for the sake of peace, that her Imperial majesty

jesty would not send troops into the territories of Sweden, as that power could not but look on such a proceeding as an act of hostility; and if it should occasion a rupture, the allies of Russia would not think themselves obliged to furnish those succours, which could only be demanded by the party attacked. To which it is answered, that all the declarations and proceedings of the empress tend solely to preserve the peace of the North; and what she requires of Sweden is no other than a natural demand, which that crown could not in reason refuse, to prevent any further uneasiness, and to cement a cordial friendship between two neighbouring powers.—This answer discovers plainly enough, that the empress is determin'd to persist in her demands.

*Petersburg, March* 27. The synod has received letters from the missionaries, who are in the kingdom of Casan, in the governments of Veronitz and Orenburgh, that in the last six months they had converted 6682 Mahometans to the Greek religion.

## LONDON.

*Extract of a Letter from Algiers, Jan. 5.*

"This being the first opportunity I have had since my being in slavery, I have embraced it by the Tryal sloop of war, which arrived here about four or five days ago, she being bound to Plymouth. When I left London I went to Portsmouth, and shipp'd myself mate of a ship for Lisbon, and arriv'd safe at Portsmouth the first of November from Lisbon; and the 8th following I shipp'd myself on board the unhappy ship I was taken in, the Endeavour, John Jones captain, myself mate; and 17th following sail'd from Portsmouth, bound to Civita Vecchia. In the Mediterranean, December 16, off the rock of Lisbon, to my great grief, we fell in with an Algerine rover, who took me and two foremastmen out, and put ten Algerines on board, with orders to proceed to Algiers with the rover; two days after, it blowing a very hard gale of wind, we lost sight of our ship; at New-years day we arriv'd at this unhappy place, where I spent the Holy-days in slavery, and so I am like to remain. Commodore Keppel has been here, with several of his majesty's ships. Here are at present about 500 Christian slaves, 45 of which are English. When the commodore was here we expected to be releas'd; but are now out of all hopes of liberty. My fetters weigh 36 lb. which, with the heat of the country and slavery, if I have not a speedy remedy, I cannot survive long. There is not one slave so heavily fetter'd as myself. I am going up into the country, there to be kept close confin'd, with four more slaves, for trying to make our escape; our enemies, since that attempt, have been very cruel to us, are daily whipping us, and frequently threaten my life in particular: But I am determin'd, at the risque of my life, the first opportunity, to make the second attempt."

I am, &c.

GEORGE GALE.

*April* 9. By a letter from Bristol, dated April 5, we have advice of the arrival of the Williamsburgh, Tate, from Virginia. He met with a sloop, blown out of George-Town in New-England, called the Molly, with only two men on board, and no provisions or lading, and tho' it then blew very hard, he sent his boat and took out the two poor fellows, and brought them with him to Bristol.

Last Saturday John Stone, for setting Mr. Clark's barn and ricks on fire at Throwleigh in Kent; John Collington, for hiring the said Stone to commit that wicked act; John Williams for burglary, and Francis Foster, for robbing on the highway, were executed at Maidstone. Stone, Williams, and Foster, were conveyed from the jail to the gallows in a waggon, and Collington in a mourning coach, attended therein by a clergyman. His behaviour to and at the place of execution was the same as during the whole time of his lying under condemnation, which was morose and malicious, and casting very severe reflections on most of the gentlemen of the county in general, and more particularly on those in the neighbourhood where he had lived; and altho' pressed very much by the clergyman who attended him, to forgive his enemies, and die in peace with all men, as a thing absolutely necessary to his salvation, he obstinately refused it.

Last Saturday night a lady returning in a hackney-coach from the playhouse to her house in Poland-street, was attacked by three footpads, who obliged her to get out of the coach, and then rifled her of a purse of about 20 guineas, a gold watch and equipage with which they made off.

*April* 14. On Tuesday night a coach was attempted to be robbed by three footpads, between Knightsbridge and Hyde-Park corner, but a horseman coming up knocked one of them down, upon which two made off, and the other was conducted to prison.

On Thursday night three fellows, armed with bludgeons, robbed several persons of their hats, wigs &c. in Whitechapel road, some of whom they beat unmercifully.

Last night died, at his house in Park street, sir Chaloner Ogle, knt. admiral, and commander in chief of his majesty's fleet; an officer whose integrity, courage, and abilities have been conspicuous in his long service of his country, upwards of 50 years. To those qualities which particularly adorned his profession, he added all those social virtues, that goodness of heart, which makes his loss still more sensibly regretted by those who have most known him.

*April* 14. The court of lord mayor and aldermen of this city, sensible of the neglect of the officers whose duty it is to put in execution the laws against all dissolute, immoral, and disorderly practices, have issued out an order, strictly commanding all constables, churchwardens, Beadles, and other officers of justice within this city and its liberties, to be very diligent in the discharge of their duty, and to apprehend and bring all such persons as they shall find offending immediately before a magistrate, that they may be dealt with according as the laws direct.—Since this order, several notorious bawdy-house-keepers have been committed to prison.—Forty years ago persons seen drunk in the streets were publicly put in the stocks till they were sober; but in these polite days, they are suffered to go home to their own beds, and sleep in peace.

*March* 6. His majesty's ship the Sphinx, Capt. Lloyd, was seen last Thursday morning, in very great distress, at anchor a little to the Eastward of Seal Cliffs, almost on the French shore. She had cut away all her masts, and thrown all her guns, except two, overboard; by which they sav'd the ship and their lives: The same day she weigh'd and stood to the Northward; but it falling calm, they anchor'd a little to the Eastward of Calais, and on Friday bore away for Dunkirk road.

*March* 10. Last week a ewe, belonging to Mr. Kitter, yean'd five lambs; she also brought five lambs last year, and four the year before, *i. e.* 14 lambs in three years, and not a small, weak, or deformed one in the whole number, but every lamb as large and strong as if she had had but one each year.

*March* 16. Charles Fitzgerald, who calls himself Earl of Desmond, was committed to New Gate for enlisting men into the service of the French king, which is made felony without benefit of clergy by the statute 9 Geo. II. He was in the late rebellion, and pardon'd. Six other persons, Irish, were committed to the same place for the like crime.

*March* 29. Lay at the point of death, Mr. Thomas Ashburnham of St. Bride's parish, who after several tedious peregrinations through this troublesome life, having had nine wives, and now in the 97th year of his age, is desirous of being released.

*Gloucester, April* 7. Yesterday was committed to our castle, Richard Cull, of Laverton, in this county, for stabbing Thomas Roberts with a knife, in so violent a manner that he immediately expired: They were both youths, the prisoner himself being but about 14 or 15 years old.

There is advice that the only survivor of the Golden Eagle, Capt. Kinton, for Ancona from Leghorn, lately lost on the island of Pelagosa in the Gulph of Venice, remain'd on the island forty days without any other nourishment than a few salt-fish which drove ashore; at length he was taken off by a boat, and landed near Manfredania, in the kingdom of Naples.

There is advice that a large Barbary corsair is lost off the Hieres islands, and that the whole crew perished.

The King of Sardinia, Maddocks, from Jamaica for Liverpool is lost at Kirkcudbright in Scotland; but the crew are sav'd.

Advices received from Algiers inform us, that their corsairs had lately taken two Spanish ships from the Havanna, richly laden, and a Lubecker, with masts, and canvas for sails, &c.

## *BOSTON, April* 30.

One day last week a little dapper smart Frenchman, named Peter Bellec, who calls himself a doctor, was discovered to have committed several thefts of late, in this town, and was sent to gaol

goal for the same. He owns himself guilty of some of the facts charged upon him, and says he had a partner, named Julian Giraudet, who is lately gone to sea. Bellec came from Louisburgh to Halifax, and from thence to this town, a few months ago. He pretends to be a protestant, and that he came here for the sake of religion; but we know of no article in our creeds, or confessions of faith, that teaches us to break open warehouses, and enrich ourselves with the spoil of our neighbours.

*May* 14. Last week three Frenchmen arrived here by land from Canada, with a packet from the governor there, to his honour the commander in chief of this province; and by all we can yet discover, it appears that they are come on a very fleeceless errand; and 'tis generally thought, they have something of more importance in view.

Wednesday last capt. Phillips sail'd for London, and 'tis said carried off about sixty thousand of the dollars lately released from their confinement in the treasury.

By the last letters from Halifax we are informed, that by a ship arrived there from London they had advice, that a regiment of soldiers, and 600 English settlers, with 1500 Germans would be sent over this summer, and that they would have a man of war and two sloops station'd there for their protection.

And from Annapolis Royal, that the French inhabiting those parts, had received orders from the governor of Canada, to leave their habitations, and come and settle there, which some of them had done, and others were preparing to follow them. [*A good riddance of bad neighbours.*]

## ANNAPOLIS.

On Friday last, *Thomas Richards* was Executed at *Upper-Marlborough*, pursuant to his Sentence, for Horse-stealing.

Custom-House, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered*,

Snow Britannia, Jonathan Strange, from Biddeford;
Snow Amity, John Lovering, from Biddeford;
Sloop Bohemia, Joseph Blyth, from Antigua.

*Cleared for Departure*,

Schooner Success, John Morrison, for Virginia;
Snow Wallace, Thomas Kemp, for Barbadoes.

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

*To be Sold by the Subscriber*, at Saint Leonard's *Creek*, *in* Calvert *County*, *very reasonably*,

A LARGE Schooner, with all her Tackle; Also a Twenty-Four-Hogshead Flat.

RACHEL HOOPER, Executrix of JACOB HOOPER.

*To be Sold by Public Vendue on Thursday the* 13*th Day of* September *(being the first Thursday in the Provincial Court) at* 3 *of the Clock in the Afternoon.*

ONE Messuage and Two Acres of Land, more or less, being and lying in *Annapolis*, now in the Occupation of Mr. *George Atkinson*.

The Sale to be on the Premises.

GEORGE and ARAMINTA CATTO.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

*On Thursday the* 5*th of* July *next, at the Dwelling House late of* William Peele, *of* London-Town, *deceased*,

A PARCEL of likely Country-born Slaves, consisting of Men, Women and Children; also a Parcel of Cattle, Sheep, Horses, Plantation Utensils, and Houshold Furniture: Likewise the Crop of Corn and Tobacco, now on the Ground. The Sale to begin at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, and to continue 'til all are Sold.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of the said *William Peele*, are desired to come and make Payment; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are requested to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted.

JAMES DICK,
JAMES MOUAT,
JAMES NICHOLSON,
} Executors.

To be SOLD,

A MULATTO Slave, a good Blacksmith by Trade: For Terms enquire of Mr. *Robert Morris* at *Oxford*, or *John Caile* at *Cambridge*.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

*At the Dwelling-House of Mr.* John Lomas, *on Thursday the* 12*th Day of* July, *at* 2 *o'Clock in the Afternoon, and to continue till all are Sold*,

GREAT Variety of Houshold Goods, chiefly very good, consisting of Beds and Bedding, Tables, Chairs, a very good Jack, Pewter, Brass, and Iron-Ware, &c.

JOHN LOMAS.

A very good Dwelling House and Lot, situate over against the Dwelling House of *Edmund Jennings*, Esq; in *Annapolis*, which rents for 14*l.* a Year, in good Repair, to be Sold. Any Person inclining to purchase may treat with the said *Lomas*.

*N. B.* The said *John Lomas* intending for *London*, by this Shipping, hereby gives public Notice thereof.

THE following is a List of Law-Books, which are to be Sold at the Prices annexed, if pick'd and chosen; but if any Person buys the whole Parcel, the Proprietor will abate four Pounds in the gross Sum of the whole: For Information where they may be had, enquire of the Printer of this Paper.

| | | | *l.* | *s.* | *d.* |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | FOLIO. | | | | |
| *Coke's* Commentary on *Littleton*, | *London*, | 1684. | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| —— Reports, in *English*, | | 1658. | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| —— Ditto, in *English*, Parts, 5, 6, 7, 8, | | 1660. | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| —— Ditto, in *Latin*, Parts, 1, 2, 3, | | 1636. | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| —— Ditto, in *French*, Part 4, | | | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| —— Entries, in 2 Volumes, | | 1614. | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| —— Ditto, in one Volume, | | 1614. | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| *Rolle's* Abridgement, 2 Volumes, | | 1668. | 2 | 15 | 0 |
| *More's* Reports, | | 1688. | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| Sir *George Croke's* Reports, (*carst titule*,) | | | | | |
| *Bridgeman's* Conveyances, | | 1710. | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| *Fulton's* Collection of Statutes, | | 1632. | 0 | 7 | 6 |
| *Clift's* Entries, | | 1719. | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| *Neilson's* Abridgement of the Common Law, 3 Volumes, | | 1726. | 3 | 10 | 0 |
| *Sheppard's* Common Assurances of Deeds, | | 1669. | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| *Croke's* Reports, 2d and 3d Volumes, | | 1613, 1659. | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Modern Reports, 4th Part, | | 1703. | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| Chancery Cases, 2 Volumes, | | 1697. | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| *Sawil's* Reports, | | 1688. | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| | QUARTO. | | | | |
| *Brownlow's* Reports, | | 1651. | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| *Swinburn* of Wills, (*carst titule*,) | | | | | |
| | OCTAVO and DUODECIMO. | | | | |
| Every Man his own Lawyer, | | 1736. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| *Wingate's* Abridgement of the Statutes, | | 1704. | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| Tryals *per pais*, or Law concerning Juries, | | 1702. | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| *Washington's* Abridgement of the Statutes, 2 Volumes, | | 1708. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| *Neilson's* Abridgement of the Statutes, 2 Volumes, | | 1717. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Law of Executors, | | 1706. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| *Molloy de Jure maritimo*, | | 1690. | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Review of the Statutes, | | 1713. | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| *Jacob's* Student's Companion, | | 1725. | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| *Instructor Clericalis*, | | 1706. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| *Natura Brevium*, | | 1704. | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| *Lutwyche's* Reports, 2 Volumes, | | 1718. | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| *Hale's* Pleas of the Crown, | | 1685. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| *Instructor Clericalis*, 2d Volume, | | 1705. | | | |
| *Bohun's* Instructions for Clerks and Practisers, &c. | | 1732. | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| *Neilson's* Office of a Justice of Peace, | | 1711. | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| *Bohun's Cursus Cancellariæ*, | | 1723. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Law of Ejectments, | | 1700. | | | |
| *Bohun's* Scrivener's Guide, | | 1716. | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Law of Covenants, | | 1711. | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Perfect Guide for a young Lawyer, (*carst titule*,) | | | | | |
| Young Clerk's Guide, | | 1690. | 0 | 2 | 6 |
| *Terms de Ley*, | | 1579. | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| *Lex Parliamentaria*, | | 1698. | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| *Downs's* Tonnage, Poundage, &c. | | 1656. | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| *Ollyff's* Young Clerk's Tutor enlarged, | | 1717. | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Young Clerk's Companion, | | 1672. | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| *Aspe's* Tables, | | 1653. | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| *Foster's* Layman's Lawyer, | | 1650. | 0 | 1 | 6 |

CHOICE good CHESHIRE CHEESE, at Nine Pence *per* Pound, to be Sold at Mr. *Patrick Creagh's* in *Annapolis*.

IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. *John Lucas*, in *Prince George's* County, a Sorrel Mare about 14 Hands high, taken up as a Stray; has no Brand, she has a small Star in her Forehead, a small bit out of her left Ear, and has the Poll-Evil.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

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IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. *Enoch Magruder*, in *Prince George's* County, a small Black Mare, taken up as a Stray; she has a Star in her Forehead, and is Branded on the near Buttock with a Mark something like T B joined together, and laid on side ways, the T being uppermost.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

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To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE,

*On Friday the 29th Day of this Instant June, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely, by the Subscriber, at the Plantations late Mr.* Samuel Hyde's, *in* Prince George's *County, the following Tracts of Land in the same County; viz.*

HIS *Lordship's Kindness*, containing 6700 Acres, upon which there is a good Water Mill.

*The several Tracts*, containing 2500 Acres, upon which is a good Dwelling House, and seven Negro Quarters, with Tobacco and Corn Houses, all in good Repair.

BENEDICT CALVERT.

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*Kent-Island, June 2, 1750.*

RAN away on the 31st of *May* last, in Night, from the Subscriber, a Servant Man, named *John Corvier*, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, has a thin Visage, and has been a Sailor and sweeps very much; it is probable he will make towards *Virginia*, for he came from thence about 18 Months ago. He had on a blue Pea Jacket, much worn, new Osnabrigs Shirt, wide Osnabrigs Trowsers and a pair of Shoes, and an old Felt Hat. Whoever secures the said Servant, so as his Master may have him again, shall have Two Pistoles Reward.

NICHOLAS CLOUDS.

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STRAYED, from the Subscriber, the Beginning of *May* last a likely well made Bay Gelding, about 14 Hands high, and 6 Years old, has a hanging Mane, and sprigg Tail, Branded on the near shoulder or Buttock with E P, the Letters not well made; he has good Courage, and carries his Tail pretty much on one side when he is rode. He was bred at *Monocacy* or *Marsh Creek*, and perhaps may be gone that way.

Whoever delivers the said Horse to the Subscriber at *Annapolis*, shall receive Two Pistoles Reward.

NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN.

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TO BE SOLD,

*On board the* PRINCE FREDERICK, JAMES CAWLEY, *Commander, lying in the North-West Branch of* Patapsco,

FINE *Dorchester* Ale, at 7 *s.* Sterling *per* Dozen; fine *London* Ale, at 2 *l.* 5 *s.* Sterling *per* Hogshead; very fine White Wine, at 18 *s.* Sterling *per* Dozen.

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RAN away from the Subscriber near *South* River Ferry, on the 31st Day of *May* last, a Mulatto Man named *Guy*, about 5 Feet and a half high, lusty and well-set, and has a down Look. Whoever secures him so as the Subscriber may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, if taken ten Miles from home.

JOHN GASSAWAY.

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ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. *James Sleman*, late of *Baltimore* County, Merchant, deceased, are desired to pay their respective Debts to the Subscriber, his Executrix, without further Notice or Trouble: And those who have any Demands against the said Deceased's Estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted.

ELIZABETH SLEMAKER, Executrix.

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JUST IMPORTED,

*In the* BETSY, *Capt.* JAMES HALL, *from* London,

And to be SOLD

*By the Subscriber, at his Store in* Annapolis, *where Mr.* Robert Swan *lately kept Store.*

GREAT Variety of *European* and *East-India* Goods, either by Wholesale or Retale, at very reasonable Rates, for ready Current Money, Gold, Silver, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, or short Credit.

JAMES DICK.

*N. B.* The said *Dick* has Variety of Rigging great and small, of the *London Town* Make, to dispose of, at reasonable Rates.

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JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship BETSY,

A VARIETY of *European* and *India* Goods; and are to be Sold at Reasonable Rates, by the Subscriber, near the State-House, where Mr. *William Roberts* lately kept Store.

WILLIAM STEUART.

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*To be SOLD by* JOHN THOMPSON, *at his House in* Annapolis,

FINE fresh boiled FLOUR, good *Barbadoes* Rum, Melasses and *Muscovado* Sugar, by Wholesale or Retale; Also Pipes, Raisins, Tamarinds, &c. at very cheap Rates.

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ANY Person, who wants Public Tobacco, in any of the Counties, except *Prince-George's* and *Frederick*, may be supplied, by applying to the Subscriber; who sells the Tobacco, belonging to the Honourable *Benjamin Young*, Esq;

CHARLES CARROLL.

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FIVE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 31st of *April* last, *John Maxfield*, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, lusty and well-set, by Trade a Shoemaker, and understands Gardening; he halts in his Gate, has large swell'd Legs, and was born (as he says) in *Yorkshire*; but when he speaks fast, has a small Impediment in his Speech, and talks more like an *Irishman*: He has on a light colour'd Cloth Coat, an Elk Skin Jacket, Leather Breeches, and a Flaxen Wig. Whoever secures him, so as the Subscriber may have him again, shall have Five Pistoles Reward.

DAVID ROSS.

*Note*, He is a sly palavering Fellow, and, if not well secur'd, will endeavour to escape.

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*April* 18, 1750.

RAN away on the 12th of this Instant at Night, from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named *John Sturgeon*, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a lusty broad well-set Fellow, much pock-fretten, speaks the *Yorkshire* Dialect, has been brought up a Jockey, and understands making of Nets: it is probable he will make towards *Annapolis*, having liv'd some Time with Mr. *John Campbell* there. He had on a brown Coat mix'd with grey, a fustian Jacket, a light-colour'd cotton ditto, both double-breasted with brass buttons, a Pair of wide Trowsers, and a white Shirt. Whoever secures the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, living near *John Thomas*'s on *Snowden*'s Manor, shall receive a Pistole Reward.

HUGH THOMAS.

*N. B.* He is a bold impudent sly Fellow, and is supposed to have taken with him a young Bay Stallion, with a new Bridle and a middling good Saddle.

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ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of *Richard Bennett*, late of *Queen Anne's* County, Esq; deceased, upon Bill, Bond, Account, or otherwise, are hereby desired to come and adjust their respective Ballances: And those who have any Demands on the Estate of the said *Richard Bennett*, are desired to bring in their Accounts, and they shall be duly paid by the Subscriber; who will attend on Monday and Wednesday in every Week, at his Dwelling-House on *Wye* River, in *Talbot* County, for the Purposes aforesaid.

EDWARD LLOYD, Executor.

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